## AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

1. (Pending) A polymethine compound of the following general formula.

$$\begin{array}{c} R_1 \\ X \\ Y \\ R_2 \end{array}$$

wherein R<sub>1</sub> represents an alkoxy group which may be substituted; R<sub>2</sub> represents an alkyl group which may be substituted; R<sub>3</sub> and R<sub>4</sub> each represents a lower alkyl group or R<sub>3</sub> and R<sub>4</sub> may combinedly form a cyclic structure; X represents a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom or a substituted amino group; Y represents an alkoxy group which may be substituted or an alkyl group which may be substituted; Z represents a charge neutralizing ion.

2. (Pending) A polymethine compound as claimed in claim 1 wherein  $R_1$  is an alkoxy group containing 1~4 carbon atoms,  $R_2$  is an alkyl group containing 1~8 carbon atoms, an alkoxyalkyl group containing a total of 1~8 carbon atoms, a sulfoalkyl group containing 1~8 carbon atoms or a carboxyalkyl group containing a total of 2~9 carbon atoms, and Y is an alkoxy group containing 1~4 carbon atoms or an alkyl group containing 1~4 carbon atoms.

- 3. (Pending) A polymethine compound as claimed in claim 1 wherein Z is Cl $^-$ , Br $^-$ , I $^-$ , ClO $_4$  $^-$ , BF $_4$  $^-$ , CF $_3$ CO $_2$  $^-$ , PF $_6$  $^-$ , SbF $_6$  $^-$ , CH $_3$ SO $_3$  $^-$ , p-toluenesulfonate, Na $^+$ , K $^+$  or triethylammonium ion.
- 4. (Pending) A polymethine compound as claimed in claim 1 wherein  $R_3$  and  $R_4$  each is methyl or  $R_3$  and  $R_4$  taken together is a cyclopentane ring or a cyclohexane ring.
- 5. (Pending) A polymethine compound as claimed in claim 1 wherein X is H, Cl, Br or diphenylamino.
- 6. (Pending) A polymethine compound as claimed in claim 1 which is a low-melting crystal modification of 2-(2-{2-chloro-3-[(1,3-dihydro-3,3,7-trimethyl-5-methoxy-1-methoxyethyl-2H -indol-2-ylidene)ethylidene]-1-cyclohexen-1-yl}ethenyl)-3,3,7-trimethyl-5-methoxy-1-methoxyethyl-indolium=tetrafluoroborate having the following formula and showing a powder X-ray diffraction pattern with characteristic peaks at the diffraction angles  $(2\theta\pm0.2^{\circ})$  of 11.6°, 14.6°, 15.6°, 19.6° and 22.9° in Cu-K $\alpha$  powder X-ray diffractometry

7. (Pending) A polymethine compound as claimed in claim 1 which is a high-melting crystal modification of 2-(2-{2-chloro-3-[(1,3-dihydro-3,3,7-trimethyl-5-methoxy-1-methoxyethyl-2H -indol-2-ylidene)ethylidene]-1-cyclohexen-1-yl}ethenyl)-3,3,7-trimethyl-5-methoxy-1-methoxyethyl-indolium=tetrafluoroborate having the following formula and showing a powder X-ray diffraction pattern with a characteristic high-intensity peak at the diffraction angle  $(2\theta\pm0.2^{\circ})$  of 8.4° in Cu-K $\alpha$  powder X-ray diffractometry

$$H_3CO$$
 $CH_3$ 
 $C_2H_4OCH_3$ 
 $C_2H_4OCH_3$ 
 $C_2H_4OCH_3$ 
 $C_2H_4OCH_3$ 
 $C_2H_4OCH_3$ 

8. (Pending) A polymethine compound as claimed in claim 1 which is a crystalline methanol adduct of 2-(2-{2-chloro-3-[(1,3-dihydro-3,3,7-trimethyl-5-methoxy-1-methoxyethyl-2H -indol-2-ylidene)ethylidene]-1-cyclohexen-1-yl}ethenyl)-3,3,7-trimethyl-5-methoxy-1-methoxyethyl-indolium=tetrafluoroborate having the following formula and showing a powder X-ray diffraction pattern with characteristic peaks at the diffraction angles  $(2\theta\pm0.2^{\circ})$  of 13.3°, 17.4°, 19.8°, 21.8° and 26.9° in Cu-K $\alpha$ . powder X-ray diffractometry

9. (Pending) A polymethine compound as claimed in claim 1 which is an amorphous form of 2-(2-{2-chloro-3-[(1,3-dihydro-3,3,7-trimethyl-5-methoxy-1-methoxyethyl-2H -indol-2-ylidene)ethylidene]-1-cyclohexen-1-yl}ethenyl)-3,3,7-trimethyl-5-m ethoxy-1-methoxyethylindolium=tetrafluoroborate having the following formula and showing a powder X-ray diffraction pattern having no characteristic peak at the diffraction angle  $(2\theta\pm0.2^{\circ})$  in Cu-K $\alpha$  powder X-ray diffractometry

## 10. Cancelled.

- 11. (Pending) A process for producing low-melting crystals of the polymethine compound of claim 1 which comprises treating a crystalline solvent adduct or amorphous form of the polymethine compound of claim 1 with a solvent.
- 12. (Pending) A process for producing high-melting crystals of the polymethine compound of claim 1 which comprises recrystallizing the polymethine compound of claim 1 from a ketonic or alcoholic solvent.
- 13. (Pending) A near infrared absorbing material comprising the polymethine compound claimed in claim 1.
- 14. (Pending) An original plate for direct printing plate making which comprises the polymethine compound of claim 1 in a light-to-heat conversion layer constructed on a substrate.
- 15. (Pending) A method of manufacturing a printing plate which comprises irradiating the original plate for direct printing plate making claimed in claim 14 with light using a semiconductor laser having a light emission band of 750 nm~900 nm as a light source.

## Status of Claims and Support for Claim Changes under 37 C.F.R. § 1.173(c)

Regarding the status of the claims, claims 1-9 and 11-15 of USP 6,342,335 remain pending. These constitute all claims of this patent.

Claim 10 has been canceled.